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Precautionary Designation Statement: In addition to the designations made above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all other designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) indicated in the Supplemental Box as being excluded from the scope of this statement. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation (including fees) must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time limit.)

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Sheet	Nο	4

Box No. VI PRIORITY	CLAIM		•	= -					
The priority of the following earlier application(s) is hereby claimed:									
Filing date	is:								
of earlier application (day/month/year)	of earlier application	national application: country or Member of WTO	international application: receiving Office						
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Further priority claims a	are indicated in the Suppleme	ntal Box.							
The receiving Office is reque if the earlier application was j above as: all items item (ested to prepare and transmit to filed with the Office which for the control of t	to the International Bureau the purposes of this international item (3) item	tional application is the r	earlier application(s) (only ecceiving Office) identified other, see Supplemental Box					
* Where the earlier application Industrial Property or one Mo	on is an ARIPO application, in ember of the World Trade Or	dicate at least one country ganization for which that e	party to the Paris Conve arlier application was fil	ntion for the Protection of led (Rule 4.10(b)(ii)):					
Box No. VII INTERNAT	IONAL SEARCHING AUT	THORITY							
Choice of International Sea international search, indicate	arching Authority (ISA) (if the Authority chosen; the two	wo or more International S -letter code may be used):	earching Authorities are	competent to carry out the					
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Request to use results of ea International Searching Auth		hat search <i>(if an earlier se</i>	earch has been carried ou	nt by or requested from the					
Date (day/month/year)	Numb	er Coun	try (or regional Office)	·					
Box No. VIII DECLARAT	TIONS		,	•					
The following declarations check-boxes below and indica	are contained in Boxes Nos.	VIII (i) to (v) (mark the a liber of each type of declard	pplicable ation):	Number of declarations					
Box No. VIII (i)	Declaration as to the identit	y of the inventor		4 .					
Box No. VIII (ii)	Declaration as to the applic date, to apply for and be gr		e international filing	· 1					
Box No. VIII (iii)	Declaration as to the appli date, to claim the priority		he international filing	1					
Box No. VIII (iv)	Declaration of inventorship United States of America)	o (only for the purposes of	f the designation of the	:					
Box No. VIII (v)	Declaration as to non-preju	Declaration as to non-prejudicial disclosures or exceptions to lack of novelty :							

Sheet No. .. 5.

Box No. VIII (ii) DECLARATION: ENTITLEMENT TO APPLY FOR AND BE GRANTED A PATENT

The declaration must conform to the standardized wording provided for in Section 212; see Notes to Boxes Nos. VIII, VIII (i) to (v) (in general) and the specific Notes to Box No. VIII (ii). If this Box is not used, this sheet should not be included in the request.

Declaration as to the applicant's entitlement, as at the international filing date, to apply for and be granted a patent (Rules 4.17(ii) and 51bis.1(a)(ii)), in a case where the declaration under Rule 4.17(iv) is not appropriate:

in relation to this international application,

HILL-ROM SERVICES, INC. is entitled to apply for and be granted a patent by virtue of the following:

an assignment from PETROSENKO, Robert and WILKINSON, Kevin L. to HILL-ROM SERVICES, INC. dated 04 November 2002 (04.11.02) and 19 December 2002 (19.12.02), respectively.

This declaration is made for the purposes of all designations, except the designation of the United States of America.

Box No. VIII (iii) DECLARATION: ENTITLEMENT TO CLAIM PRIORITY

The declaration must conform to the standardized wording provided for in Section 213; see Notes to Boxes Nos. VIII, VIII (i) to (v) (in general) and the specific Notes to Box No. VIII (iii). If this Box is not used, this sheet should not be included in the request.

Declaration as to the applicant's entitlement, as at the international filing date, to claim the priority of the earlier application specified below, where the applicant is not the applicant who filed the earlier application or where the applicant's name has changed since the filing of the earlier application (Rules 4.17(iii) and 51bis.1(a)(iii)):

in relation to this international application,

HILL-ROM SERVICES, INC. is entitled to claim priority of earlier application

no. 60/405,010

by virtue of the following:

an assignment from PETROSENKO, Robert and WILKINSON, Kevin L. to HILL-ROM SERVICES, INC. dated 04 November 2002 (04.11.02) and 19 December 2002 (19.12.02), respectively.

This declaration is made for the purposes of all designations, except the designation of the United States of America.

This declaration is continued on the following sheet, "Continuation of Box No. VIII (iii)".

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Box No. IX CHECK LIST; LANGUAGE OF	FILING	<i>=</i> ·					
(a) the fellowing number of	This international application is accompanied by the following item(s) (mark the applicable check-boxes below and indicate in right column the number of each item):	Number of items					
request (including	1. X fee calculation sheet	'					
declaration sheets) : 7	2. original separate power of attorney	4					
description (excluding sequence listing part) : 12	3. original general power of attorney						
claims : 3	4. copy of general power of attorney; reference number, if any:	2					
abstract : 1	5. statement explaining lack of signature :						
drawings : 8	6 M priority document(s) identified in Box No. VI as						
Sub-total number of sheets: 31	item(s): .(1)	1					
sequence listing part of description (actual number of sheets if filed in paper	7. translation of international application into (language):						
form, whether or not also filed in computer readable	8. separate indications concerning deposited microorganism or other biological material :	ĵ					
form; see (b) below) :	9. sequence listing in computer readable form (indicate also type and number of carriers (diskette, CD-ROM, CD-R or other))						
(b) sequence listing part of description filed in computer readable form	(i) copy submitted for the purposes of international search under Rule 13ter only (and not as part of the						
(i) only (under Section 801(a)(i))	international application) : (ii) (only where check-box (b)(i) or (b)(ii) is marked in left						
(ii) in addition to being filed in paper form (under Section 801(a)(ii))	column) additional copies including, where applicable, the copy for the purposes of international search under						
Type and number of carriers (diskette, CD-ROM, CD-R or other) on which the	Rule 13ter (iii) together with relevant statement as to the identity						
sequence listing part is contained (additional	of the copy or copies with the sequence listing part						
copies to be indicated under item 9(ii), in right column):	mentioned in left column :	2					
	10. other (specify): Transmittal Letter & Postal Card :						
	Language of filing of the international application: English (EN)						
Box No. X SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE Next to each signature, indicate the name of the person signing and the capacity in which the person signs (if such capacity is not obvious from reading the request).							
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Carli E. STEWART, Agent for Applicants	5						
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	— For receiving Office use only 2. Dra	wings:					
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Date of timely receipt of the required corrections under PCT Article 11(2):	no	ot received:					
5. International Searching Authority 6. Transmittal of search copy delayed until search fee is paid							
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Date of receipt of the record copy by the International Bureau use only							

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The undersigned person(s): (Family name followed by given name; for	r a legal entity, full official c	designation. The addre	ss must include posta	al code and name of	country.)
HILL-ROM SE 1069 State Rou Batesville, IN 4 US	te 46 East				· .
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hereby appoint(s) the following person a	ıs: XX	agent	common repr	resentative .	·
Name and address			•		•
(Family name followed by given name; for CONARD, Richard D., Reg. No. 27321; Conancy J., Reg. No. 27083; KULKARNI, Dilip 30796; QUICK, David B., Reg. No. 31993; Bradford G., Reg. No. 41486; BAUER, Shav No. 43669; SWEENEY II, James R., Reg. No. 43669; SWEENEY II, James R., Reg. No. 46531; BALL 50924; GIBBS, Barbara S., Reg. No. 4470 Richard P., Reg. No. 47720; LAZARUS, Richard P., Reg. No. 47720; LAZARUS, Richard P., Reg. No. 47720; LAZARUS, Richard P., Reg. No. 37145; ALLE Agents of the Address: BARNES & THORN	OFFEY, William R., Reg. 10 p. A., Reg. No. 27510; LAMN; HUNT, Paul B., Reg. No. 1603; POWNO. 45670; DuBOIS, Dustin, Rebecca, Reg. No. 46535; 88; PALAN, Perry, Reg. No. 48215; GIL. Reg. No. 33231; MARTIN, ARM, Michael B., Reg. No. 37	No. 24023; STEIN, Ar MERT, Steven R., Reg. It. 37154; MICHAEL, J LICK, Jill T., Reg. No. S., Reg. No. 46233; H STEWART, Carli E., I 26213; NEWMAN, LENWATER, Bobby B Alice O., Reg. No. 3566 582; and ALBERS, De	land T., Reg. No. 2: No. 27653; REZEK, R effrey A., Reg. No. 3: 42088; HENDERSC AIGH, Christopher E. Reg. No. 51058; GED Mark M., Reg. No. 3: 10; PETERS, Grant Haniel P., Reg. No. 440	5062; HARRISON, tichard A., Reg. No. 37394; ADDISON, DN, Ronald S., Reg. L., Reg. No. 46377; B, Helen, Reg. No. 31472; KRINSKY, DOPER, Gregory S., L., Reg. No. 35977;	coun try .)
to represent the undersigned before	XX.	all the competent Inte	ernational Authoritic	es	
		the International Sea	rching Authority on	ly	
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in connection with any and all internation	nal applications filed by t	he undersigned with t	he following Office		
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Secretary					

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(PCT Rule 90.5)

The undersigned person(s):
(Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country
DETRACENTA Debort
PETROSENKO, Robert
30 Belmont Place West
Batesville, IN 47006
US
hereby appoint(s) the following person as: agent common representative
Name and address
(Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country
CONARD, Richard D., Reg. No. 27321; COFFEY, William R., Reg. No. 24023; STEIN, Arland T., Reg. No. 25062; HARRISON, Nancy J., Reg. No. 27083; KULKARNI, Dilip A., Reg. No. 27510; LAMMERT, Steven R., Reg. No. 27653; REZEK, Richard A., Reg. No. 30796; QUICK, David B., Reg. No. 31993; HUNT, Paul B., Reg. No. 37154; MICHAEL, Jeffrey A., Reg. No. 37394; ADDISON, Bradford G., Reg. No. 41486; BAUER, Shawn D., Reg. No. 41603; POWLICK, Jill T., Reg. No. 42088; HENDERSON, Ronald S., Reg. No. 43669; SWEENEY II, James R., Reg. No. 45670; DuBOIS, Dustin S., Reg. No. 46233; HAIGH, Christopher E., Reg. No. 46377; BAILEY, Kevin D., Reg. No. 46531; BALL, Rebecca, Reg. No. 46535; STEWART, Carli E., Reg. No. 51058; GEIB, Helen, Reg. No. 50924; GIBBS, Barbara S., Reg. No. 44708; PALAN, Perry, Reg. No. 26213; NEWMAN, Mark M., Reg. No. 31472; KRINSKY, Richard P., Reg. No. 47720; LAZARUS, Richard B., Reg. No. 48215; GILLENWATER, Bobby B., Reg. No. 31105; COOPER, Reg. No. 35077;
Reg. No. 40965; DONOVAN, Thomas J., Reg. No. 33231; MARTIN, Alice O., Reg. No. 35601; PETERS, Grant H., Reg. No. 35977; HAMILL, Mark A., Reg. No. 37145; ALLEN, Michael B., Reg. No. 37582; and ALBERS, Daniel P., Reg. No. 44008, All Appointed Agents of the Address: BARNES & THORNBURG, 11 South Meridian Street, Indianapolis, IN 46204, US
to represent the undersigned before all the competent International Authorities
the International Searching Authority only
the International Preliminary Examining Authority only
in connection with any and all international applications filed by the undersigned with the following Office
TC
as receiving Office and to make or receive payments on behalf of the undersigned.
and to make or receive payments on behalf of the undersigned.
Signature(s) (where there are several persons, each of them must sign; next to each signature, indicate the name of the person signing and the capacity in which the person signs, if such capacity is not obvious from reading this power):
Plan 24/06/02
Robert PETROSENKO Day/ Month/ Year
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(for several international applications filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Rule 90.5)

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The undersigned (Family name fol.	person(s); lowed by given name; for c	ı legal entity,	full offi	cial desig	naton. Th	ne address m	ust include p	oostal code	and name o	of country.)
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hereby appoints (appoint) the following p	erson as:		agent		Co.	ттоп герг	esentative	:	
Nancy J., Reg. No. 2' 30796; QUICK, Dav Bradford G., Reg. No. No. 43669; SWEEN BALL, Rebecca, Reg. 44708; PALAN, Per Richard B., Reg. No. 37145; ALLEN, Micl	ss yed by given name; for the b., Reg. No. 27321; CO 7083; KULKARNI, Dilip vid B., Reg. No. 31993; b. 41486; BAUER, Shawn EY II, James R., Reg. No. 46535; STEWART, Reg. No. 26213; NEV D. 48215; GILLENWATH 33231; MARTIN, Alice hael B., Reg. No. 37582; a outh Meridian Street, Indi-	A., Reg. No. HUNT, Paul D., Reg. No. 45670; HA G. Carli E., R WMAN, Mar ER, Bobby B O., Reg. No und ALBERS	27510; B., R b. 4160; AIGH, G. eg. No k M., F ., Reg. b. 3560 Daniel	LAMMI eg. No. 3; POWI Christoph . 51058; Reg. No. No. 31 1; PETE I P., Reg.	ERT, Steve 37154; M JICK, Jill er E., Reg GEIB, H 31472; K 105; COC RS, Grant	en R., Reg. IICHAEL, T., Reg. No. g. No. 4637 elen, Reg. N RINSKY, I DPER, Greg H., Reg. N	No. 27653; Jeffrey A., 1 Jo. 42088; H. 7; BAILEY No. 50924; Richard P., gory S., Reg Jo. 35977; 1	REZEK, R Reg. No. ENDERSC 7, Kevin D GIBBS, B Reg. No. 3. No. 40! HAMILL,	Cichard A., I 37394; AD DN, Ronald D., Reg. No. Earbara S., F 47720; LAZ 965; DON Mark A., F	Reg. No. DISON, S., Reg. 46531; Reg. No. ZARUS, OVAN, Reg. No.
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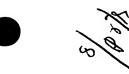
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WOUND PACKING FOR PREVENTING WOUND CLOSURE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present disclosure relates to bandages for wounds, and in some instances, to bandages for use with a vacuum and/or irrigation source. Specifically, the present disclosure relates to wound packing used with vacuum bandages or other types of bandages to keep a wound from closing in an unwanted manner.

The prior art contemplates that chronic wounds may be treated by providing a vacuum in the space above the wound to promote healing. A number of prior art references teach the value of the vacuum bandage or the provision of vacuum in the space above the surface of a chronic wound.

A vacuum bandage is a bandage having a cover for sealing about the outer perimeter of the wound and under which a vacuum is established to act on the wound surface. Applying vacuum to the wound surface promotes healing of chronic wounds. Typically, suction tubes are provided for drawing exudate away from the wound and for creating a vacuum under the cover. The following U.S. Patents establish the nature of vacuum treatment bandages and devices: 6,095,992, 6,080,189, 6,071,304, 5,645,081, 5,636,643, 5,358,494, 5,298,015, 4,969,880, 4,655,754, 4,569,674, 4,382,441, and 4,112,947. All of such references are incorporated herein by reference.

Further, the prior art contemplates that wounds may be treated by providing irrigation in the space above the wound. Typically, a tube is provided in communication with the wound surface of the wound at one end and with an irrigation source an another end. The fluid from the irrigation source travels through the tube to the wound surface.

Additionally, it is desirable to keep wound surfaces separated in some types of wounds. For example, after sinus surgery, certain wound surfaces should be separated to prevent closure of the wound in an unwanted manner.

30 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention comprises one or more of the following features, discussed below, or any combination thereof.

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According to the present disclosure, several embodiments of wound packing for preventing wound closure in an unwanted manner are provided. In some embodiments, a vacuum bandage system is provided for use with a wound having a wound surface. The vacuum bandage system may include a wound dressing member and a wound insert. The wound dressing member may include a plurality of holes and a port in communication with the holes. The port may also be configured to be coupled to a vacuum source. The wound insert may be configured for placement within the wound between the wound surface and the wound dressing member. The wound insert may be made of a material which is not porous or foam-like.

The wound insert may be thin and flexible and may include a plurality of discrete passageways. The passageways may be in communication with the vacuum source. The passageways of the wound insert may be conduits through the wound insert or the passageways may comprise channels formed in each of a top and bottom surface of the insert.

In an illustrative embodiment, the insert is cylindrical in shape and is made of approximately 50 durometer silicone. Such an insert may have a diameter of approximately 0.0925 inch (2.35 mm).

Further according to the present disclosure, a method of treating a wound having a wound tunnel is provided. The method may include placing a non-porous wound insert within a tunneled portion of a wound and placing a wound dressing member over the wound insert so that the wound insert is positioned between a wound surface of the wound and the wound dressing member. The method further may include coupling the wound dressing member to a vacuum source, placing a sealing film over the wound dressing member for attachment to healthy skin surrounding the wound, and creating a negative pressure between the sealing film and a surface of the wound.

The wound inserts or packing disclosed herein may be used with all types of wounds and bandages. Thus, such wound packing may be used with regular bandages and/or vacuum bandages and/or irrigation bandages.

Features of the present invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon consideration of the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments exemplifying the best mode of carrying out the invention as presently

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perceived.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The detailed description particularly refers to the accompanying figures in which:

Fig. 1 is a part perspective, part diagrammatic view of a wound care bandage system showing a vacuum bandage located on the leg of a patient, and a vacuum source and an irrigation source coupled to the bandage through the use of a switch valve;

Fig. 2 is a sectional view of the vacuum bandage of the system of Fig. 1 coupled to a tunneled wound of a patient showing a wound dressing member of the system covering the tunneled wound, a tube coupling the member to the vacuum and irrigation sources (not shown), and an illustrative wound insert of the system rolled and positioned within the tunneled wound below the member to help prevent portions of the tunneled wound from prematurely healing together;

Fig. 3 is a sectional view of another illustrative vacuum bandage of the system of Fig. 1 coupled to an undermined wound of a patient showing the wound dressing member covering the undermined wound and additional illustrative wound inserts for use with the system positioned within the undermined wound;

Fig. 4 is a perspective view of another illustrative wound insert showing intersecting passageways or conduits of the insert;

Fig. 5 is a perspective view of yet another illustrative wound insert, similar to the insert shown in Fig. 4, showing through holes located at the intersections of the internal conduits for communication with the internal conduits;

Fig. 6 is a perspective view of yet another illustrative wound insert showing internal conduits along only a length of the insert;

Fig. 7 is a perspective view of still another illustrative wound insert showing internal conduits along a length of the insert and through holes generally perpendicular to the conduits and in communication with the conduits;

Fig. 8 is a perspective view of the wound insert of Fig. 2 showing external channels formed in both a top and bottom surface of the insert;

Fig. 9 is a perspective view of the wound insert of Fig. 3 showing external channels formed in top and bottom surfaces of the insert and further showing through holes in communication with the channels;

Fig. 10 is a top plan view of the wound insert shown in Figs 2 and 8 showing the insert rolled along its length for insertion within a wound tunnel of a wound, for example;

Fig. 11 is a perspective view of still another illustrative wound insert showing intersecting external channels of the insert along both a length and width of the insert;

Fig. 12 is a perspective view of yet another illustrative wound insert showing intersecting external channels and through holes in communication with the channels;

Fig. 13 is a perspective view of another illustrative wound insert being tube-shaped and including holes through a body of the insert in communication with a central passageway of the insert;

Fig. 14 is a perspective view of another illustrative wound insert showing a long, cylindrical, solid rod-shape of the insert; and

Fig. 15 is a top plan view of a group of the rod-shaped inserts of Fig. 14 as they are illustratively manufactured by extension molding, for example.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A wound care bandage system 10 is provided for use with a wound 12, and specifically for use with a wound tunnel 14 of wound 12 (as shown in Fig. 2) and with undermined portions 16 of wound 12 (as shown in Fig. 3). As illustratively shown in Fig. 1, system 10 includes a vacuum bandage 18, a vacuum source 20 coupled to bandage 18, an irrigation source 22 coupled to bandage 18, and a valve 24 to provide selective communication between wound 12 and vacuum and irrigation sources 20, 22. System 10 further includes a wound insert or packing, illustrative embodiments of which are shown in Figs. 4-15. Although the illustrative wound packing of Figs. 4-15 are described herein as being used with system 10 having a vacuum source 20 and an irrigation source 22, it is within the scope of this disclosure for the wound inserts disclosed herein to be used alone or in regular bandages that do

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not have sources 20, 22 associated therewith or in bandages having only one or the other of sources 20, 22 associated therewith.

In some uses, wound inserts are provided to generally fill the open space created by various wound tunnels 14 and/or undermined portions 16 of wounds 12. Such wound tunnels 14 and undermined portions 16 are generally ulcerated portions of wound 12. Wound inserts help to maintain the opening created by the wound tunnels 14 and/or undermined portions 16 until the wound 12 can properly heal on its own. Further, wound inserts force the wound openings to heal generally evenly so that side and bottom surfaces 15 of wound tunnels 14 and side to bottom surfaces 17 of undermined portions 16 gradually heal toward each other to progressively shrink the open space. This may also help to prevent a "bridge" of granulations from forming across the open space and effectively sealing off an ulcerated portion of the of wound 12, thus preventing the sealed-off area from being able to be treated by the vacuum and/or irrigation of system 10.

Vacuum bandage 18, as shown in Fig. 1, is provided for use with the wound 12 and is sealed about the wound 12 by a cover or sealing film 13 of bandage 18 to create a sealed environment between the wound 12 and sealing film 13 in which a negative pressure can be established. As mentioned above, bandage 18 is selectively coupled to both vacuum source 20 and irrigation source 22 through the use of valve 24. It is within the scope of this disclosure, however, to have only a vacuum source coupled to bandage 18 or to omit both sources 20, 22.

System 10 promotes the healing of the wound 12 by providing vacuum therapy to the wound to promote blood flow and remove exudate from the wound surfaces 15, 17 of illustrative wound tunnel 14 and undermined portions 16 and by providing for irrigation of the wound 12 with fluids such as saline, for example. An illustrative wound treatment apparatus having a wound temperature control system, a medicine delivery system, and a drainage system is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 6,458,109. An illustrative vacuum and irrigation system is disclosed in U.S. Patent Publication No. US 2002/0161317 A1. Additionally, an illustrative vacuum bandage is disclosed in U.S. Patent Publication No. US 2002/0065494 A1.

Alternative vacuum bandages are disclosed in U.S. Patent Publication No. US 2002/0082567 A1. Further, a vacuum bandage system including a controller of the system is disclosed in U.S. Application No. 10/159,583, filed on May 31, 2002,

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titled WOUND TREATMENT APPARATUS and in U.S. Application No. 60/394,970 filed on May 31, 2002, titled WOUND TREATMENT APPARATUS. All of the applications mentioned in this and the preceding paragraph are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

As shown in Fig. 4, an illustrative wound insert 26 is provided for use with system 10 and bandage 18. Wound insert 26 includes a generally thin and flexible body 28 having a top surface 30, a bottom surface 32, and side surfaces 34. Insert 26 is made of a medical grade silicone or other type of elastomer which is pliable. Two companies, for example, which manufacture such medical grade silicone are GE Silicones and NuSil Technology. It is within the scope of this disclosure, however, to include a wound insert made of any type of thin, flexible material that is non-porous, meaning that the material is generally non-foam-like. This thin, flexible material is also generally non-absorptive. For example, materials such as polyvinylchloride (PVC), PVC free of diethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP-free PVC), polyurethane, or polyethylene may be used in the manufacture of insert 26.

Further, insert 26 may be molded to include anti-microbial constituents. For example, it is within the scope of this disclosure to impregnate insert 26 with silver ions which are known anti-microbials. The following PCT publications illustrate the use of anti-microbials in various products and are incorporated herein by reference: "Antimicrobial Plastic Closures for Drinking Containers", WO 00/26100; "Antimicrobial Contact Lens Case", WO 00/038552; "Antimicrobial Fabric and Medical Graft of the Fabric", WO 00/32247; "Antimicrobial Suturing Ring for Heart Valve", WO 00/30567.

Insert 26 is also made of a generally non-adhesive material. Therefore, portions of insert 26 which may abut wound surfaces 15, 17 of wound tunnel 14 and/or undermined portions 16 of wound 12 do not adhere to the wound surfaces 15, 17. Further, insert 26 is solid in nature and generally non-compressible. For example, when a negative pressure is applied to insert 26, a thickness of insert 26 remains relatively constant.

As shown in Fig. 4, top, bottom, and side surfaces 30, 32, 34 are generally smooth. It is within the scope of this disclosure, however, for one or more surfaces of insert 26 to be texturized or to include one or more ribs, protrusions, spacers, etc. Body 28 of insert 26 further includes passageways or conduits 38

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running through body 28 along a length 40 and a width 42 of insert 26. Conduits 38 form openings 44 defined in each side surface 34 of body 28. As shown in Fig. 4, conduits 38 running along length 40 and width 42 of insert 26 lie in the same plane and therefore intersect each other at junctions 46. It is within the scope of this disclosure, however, for insert 26 to include one or more conduits 38 positioned to lie in separate planes, such as parallel planes, for example so as not to intersect. Further, it is within the scope of this disclosure for insert 26 to include any number of conduits 38 running along the length 40 and/or width 42 of insert 26. Further, conduits 38 may run along the length 40 only (as shown in Fig. 6), width 42 only, or conduits 38 may run diagonally or at any angle through body 28. Further, conduits 38 may be curved or wavy, for example, rather than generally straight as illustrated in Fig. 4.

Length 40 of illustrative insert 26 may be up to about 30 mm and width 42 of insert 26 may also be up to about 30 mm. Further, a thickness 43 of insert 26 may be within the range of about 1 mm to about 15 mm, for example. Although illustrative insert 26 has the above-mentioned dimensions, it is within the scope of this disclosure for insert 26 (an similar alternative inserts described below) to have other suitable dimensions for treating wounds and particularly for treating tunneled and/or undermined portions of wounds in a vacuum therapy system. Further, although insert 26 may be formed having certain dimensions, it is within the scope of this disclosure for a caregiver to trim insert 26 to fit a particular wound.

Another illustrative insert 126 is shown in Fig. 5. Insert 126 is similar to insert 26. Therefore, like reference numerals have been used for similar components or features. The only difference between insert 26 and insert 126 is that insert 126 includes generally vertical conduits or through holes 138 positioned at junctions 46 for communication with intersecting conduits 38 along the length 40 and width 42 of body 28. Conduits 138 form openings 144 defined in each of the top and bottom surfaces 30, 32 of body 28. It is also within the scope of this disclosure for conduits 138 of insert 126 to be located at areas other than junctions 46 of conduits 38.

As mentioned above, another illustrative insert 226 is provided in Fig. 6 where insert 226 includes conduits 38 only along length 40 of body 28. Fig. 7 shows yet another illustrative insert 326, similar to insert 226, and further including through holes 138 positioned at spaced apart intervals along each conduit 38.

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Conduits 38 run along length 40 of body 28 and each through hole 138 forms opening 144 in top and bottom surfaces 30, 32 of body 28. In alternative embodiments, through holes 138 are spaced from conduits 38.

As shown in Fig. 8, another alternative insert 426 is provided including top, bottom, and side surfaces 30, 32, 34. Insert 426 is similar to the inserts described above, however, illustrative insert 426 does not include conduits 38 or 138. Insert 426 does include passageways or channels 438 formed in top and bottom surfaces 30, 32. Illustratively, channels 438 run along length 40 of insert 426. Further illustratively, channels 438 of top and bottom surface 30, 32 are alternately spaced along width 42 of insert 426 so that a bottom channel 438 is generally not positioned directly below a top channel 438. Illustratively, channels 438 have a generally semi-circular or curved profile and define a curved surface 440. Although illustrative channels 438 are generally straight along length 40, it is within the scope of this disclosure to include channels that are wavy, zig-zagged, etc., or channels that run at an angle to the length 40 and/or width 42 of insert 426.

Still another alternative insert 526 is shown in Fig. 9. Insert 526 is similar to insert 426, shown in Fig. 8, however, insert 526 further includes vertical conduits or through holes 138 forming openings 144 in top and bottom surfaces 30, 32 of body 28 to communicate with channels 438 formed in each of the top and bottom surfaces 30, 32.

Looking now to Fig. 11, a wound insert 626 is provided. Wound insert 626 includes both "lengthwise and widthwise" channels 438 running along the length 40 and width 42 of body 28. Each of the "lengthwise and widthwise" channels 438 is formed in top and bottom surfaces 30, 32 of body 28 and is alternately spaced thereon. The channels 438 intersect each other at junctions 646.

Another illustrative wound insert 726 is shown in Fig. 12. Wound insert 726 includes all the features of wound insert 626 (shown in Fig. 11), such as vertical and horizontal channels 438 formed in top and bottom surfaces 30, 32 of body 28. Wound insert 726 further includes vertical conduits 138 at junctions 646 of each of the vertical and horizontal channels 438 formed in top surface 30 of body 28. It is within the scope of this disclosure to further include through holes 138 at junctions (not shown) of each of the vertical and horizontal channels 438 formed in bottom surface 32. It is further within the scope of this disclosure to include through holes

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138 in communication with one or more channels 438 at areas other than junctions 646.

As is described above, various illustrative wound inserts 26, 126, 226, 326, 426, 526, 626, 726 are provided for use with a vacuum bandage or with other types of bandages or alone (i.e., without other bandage components). Illustrative inserts are all thin and flexible and generally rectangularly shaped, although, it is within the scope of this disclosure to include thin, flexible inserts of any suitable shape such as circular, triangular, oval, etc. In addition, a caregiver may trim any of the disclosed inserts to a desired shape using scissors, for example. Further, all inserts described above include passageways such as conduits 38, through holes 138, and/or channels 438. In some embodiments, the passageways are provided to communicate negative pressure from vacuum source 20, or fluid from irrigation source 22, to tunneled portions 14 or undermined portions 16 of wound 12.

Yet another illustrative insert 826 is shown in Fig. 13. Insert 826 is made of the same thin, flexible material as the inserts described above. However, body 828 of insert 826 is formed in the shape of a hollow cylinder forming a central conduit 838 therethrough. Insert 826 includes passageways or through holes 844 formed through body 828 to communicate with central conduit 838. Illustratively, holes 844 are arranged in rows along a length 840 of insert 826. It is within the scope of this disclosure, however, for holes 844 to be arranged in any random or non-random pattern.

Still another insert 926 is shown in Fig. 14. Illustratively, insert 926 is rod-shaped and has a generally circular profile. Each insert 926 is solid, although, it is within the scope of this disclosure to drill or otherwise form holes or passageways through insert 926. Illustratively, each insert 926 has a diameter 927 of 0.0925 inch (2.350 mm). It is within the scope of this disclosure for insert 926 to have any suitable diameter for use with tunneled wounds 14. Inserts 926 are manufactured by extruding the material into circular rods attached to each other by a small web of material 928, as shown in Fig. 15, for example. Illustratively, web 928 is 0.005 inch (0.127 mm) from rod to rod. Further, as illustratively shown in Fig. 15, twenty-three inserts 926 are extruded simultaneously. Each insert 926 is positioned at a 15° angle to adjoining inserts. Web 928 connects inserts 926 to each other to allow multiple inserts to be extruded simultaneously. Further, web 928 is sufficiently small to allow

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a user to separate, by pulling, for example, each insert away from the nearest adjoining insert(s).

Inserts 926 may be extruded to any suitable length. Further, a caregiver dressing a particular tunneled wound 14 may further trim inserts 926 to an appropriate length. Inserts 926 are made from the same material described above with respect to the other inserts of the present disclosure. Each insert 926 includes a cylindrical body 929, a first end 930, and a second end 932 (shown in Fig. 14). In use, multiple inserts 926 may be inserted into a tunneled wound 14 to maintain the opening of the tunneled wound 14 until the wound is able to sufficiently heal properly. Although insert 926 is primarily described herein for use with tunneled portions 14 of wound 12, it is within the scope of this disclosure to use insert 926 with undermined portions 16 of wounds 12 as well. Further, it is within the scope of this disclosure for the profile of insert 926 to be a shape other than circular, such as square-shaped, triangular, rectangular, diamond-shaped, oval-shaped, etc.

As mentioned above, wound inserts 26, 126, 226, 326, 426, 526, 626, 727, 826, 926 are provided for placement within a wound tunnel 14 and/or an undermined portion 16 of a wound 12, such as that illustrated in Figs. 2 and 3. Specifically, Fig. 2 illustrates the use of insert 426 inserted within a wound 12 having a wound tunnel 14 extending below a surface 50 of the skin.

Generally, prior to insertion within a wound tunnel 14, for example, the thin, flat inserts 26, 126, 226, 326, 426, 526, 626, 726 are rolled along their length 40. Fig. 10 illustrates and end view of insert 426 (shown in Fig. 8) after insert 426 has been rolled along its length 40 for insertion into tunneled portion 14 of wound 12, for example. Illustratively insert 426 is inserted into wound tunnel 14 to help prevent a portion of tunnel 14 from prematurely closing or forming a bridge across the tunnel 14. Although illustrative insert 426 is inserted within tunnel 14, it is within the scope of this disclosure to place any other insert into tunneled portion 14. The inserts are provided to effectively maintain the opening created by tunnel 14 to allow tunnel 14 to heal in a more consistent and controlled manner evenly reducing the size of the tunnel 14 from the outer surfaces 15 of tunnel 14 inward until tunnel 14 has completely healed.

It is also contemplated that, in some embodiments, illustrative inserts are in communication with vacuum source 20 through vacuum bandage 18 and

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therefore may communicate the suction or negative pressure from vacuum source 20 along the passageways of each insert to the bottom and side walls 15 of tunnel 14. This negative pressure may help draw exudate away from wound 12. The vacuum or negative pressure which draws blood from the body to the wound surface 15 and draws exudate from the wound 12 up through the respective insert and through portions of vacuum bandage 18 promotes the healing of wound 12. As wound 12 heals, granulations form along wound surface 15. Granulations, therefore, are the replacement within the wound bed of tissue lost.

As shown in Figs. 2 and 10, the thin, flexible, and generally flat inserts (such as inserts 26, 126, 226, 326, 426, 526, 626, 726) are rolled along their length 40 so that such inserts may be inserted within tunnel 14 to generally fill the space created by tunnel 14. Fig. 10, for example, shows an end of insert 426 (shown in Fig. 8) after having been rolled along its length 40 to form a spiral-like shape so that channels 438 are positioned to lie generally vertically when insert 426 is placed within tunnel 14, as shown in Fig. 2. Each insert 26, 126, 226, 326, 427, 526, 626, 726 may be rolled so that either the top surface 30 or the bottom surface 32 is adjacent to surfaces 15 of tunnel 14 once inserted therein. Further, it is within the scope of this disclosure to roll each insert along its width 42, or even at an angle to the length 40 and width 42, as well, so that the insert is formed into a tube-like shape insertable within tunnel 14.

Illustratively, it is not necessary for a caregiver to roll insert 826 (shown in Fig. 13) or insert 926 (shown in Figs. 14 and 15) prior to placing either insert 826, 926 within tunnel 14 because each insert 826, 926 is already tube-like in shape. Further, it is within the scope of this disclosure for a caregiver to trim each insert to size and insert to fit the tunneled or undermined portions 14, 16 of any wound 12. As discussed above, any number of inserts 926 may be inserted within wound tunnel 14 either individually, or connected by webs 928. Further, suction and/or irrigation fluids may be communicated to a bottom portion of wound tunnel 14 by spaces created between the inserts 926 within tunnel 14.

In the treatment of undermined portions 16 of wounds 12, it may not be necessary to roll an insert into a tube-like shape as is described above with respect to tunneled portions 14 of wounds 12. As is illustratively shown in Fig. 3, undermined portions 16 of wound 12 are filled by the use of two inserts 526 (shown

in Fig. 3) where one insert 526 is positioned to lie on top of the other insert 526. Although inserts 526 are shown in Fig. 3, it is within the scope of this disclosure to use any type of generally thin, flexible insert with the use of undermined or tunneled wounds. Inserts 526 generally fill a space created by undermined portions 16 of wound 12. It is also contemplated that cylindrically-shaped inserts 826 and 926 may be used to fill or pack undermined portions 16 as well.

As mentioned above, wound inserts of the present disclosure may be provided as part of vacuum bandage system 10 for use with a vacuum bandage 18 coupled to vacuum source 20. Bandage 18 may also be coupled to irrigation source 22, as shown in Fig. 1, for example. The illustrative vacuum bandage 18, shown in Figs. 1-3 includes a wound dressing member 52 adjacent wound 12 and sealing film 13 covering member 52 and sealed about member 52 and wound 12 to the patient's healthy skin 50 surrounding wound 12.

Illustrative member 52 of bandage 18 includes a smooth wound facing 15 surface 54. Wound facing surface 54 may also be textured or roughened and/or may include spacers, ribs, protrusions, etc., extending from surface 54. Member 52 further includes opposite surface 56. Illustrative member 50 further includes a tube connector or port 58 coupled to opposite surface 56. Connector 58 is coupled to a tube 60 of system 10 in communication with vacuum and irrigation sources 20, 22. 20 Member 50 also includes one or more passageways 62 formed between opposite surface 56 and wound facing surface 54. Each passageway 62 is in communication with connector 58 to communicate either negative pressure from vacuum source 20 to wound 12 or to communicate fluid from irrigation source 22 to wound 12. A plurality of holes 64 are illustratively provided through wound facing surface 54. Holes 64 25 communicate with wound 12 and passageways 62 as well. Further illustratively, wound member 52 is made of the same material as the various wound inserts described above. Although illustrative member 52 is provided, it is within the scope of this disclosure to include a vacuum bandage having any suitable type of wound dressing member having means for communicating negative pressure and/or irrigation 30 fluid to the wound.

Although the invention has been described in detail with reference to certain embodiments, variations to modifications exist within the scope and spirit of the invention as described and defined in the following claims.

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CLAIMS:

- 1. A vacuum bandage system for use with a wound having a wound surface, the vacuum bandage system comprising:
- a wound dressing member having a plurality of holes and a port in communication with the holes and configured to be coupled to a vacuum source, and a wound insert configured for placement within the wound between the wound surface and the wound dressing member, the insert being made of a material which is not porous or foam-like.
- 10 2. The vacuum bandage of claim 1, wherein the wound dressing member comprises medical-grade silicone.
 - 3. The vacuum bandage of claim 1, wherein the wound insert is thin, flexible, and includes a plurality of discrete passageways in communication with the vacuum source.
- 15 4. The vacuum bandage of claim 3, wherein the passageways are conduits through the wound insert.
 - 5. The vacuum bandage of claim 4, wherein the insert includes a top surface, bottom surface, and side surface, and wherein the conduits form holes in one or more of the side surfaces, and wherein the insert further includes holes in communication with the conduits and forming holes in one or more of the top and bottom surfaces.
 - 6. The vacuum bandage of claim 3, wherein the insert includes a top surface and a bottom surface, and wherein the passageways comprise channels formed in each of the top and bottom surfaces.
- 7. The vacuum bandage of claim 6, wherein the insert further includes holes between the channels and the top and bottom surfaces.
 - 8. The vacuum bandage of claim 7, wherein the wound dressing member is made of a generally non-porous material.
- 9. The vacuum bandage of claim 1, wherein the insert is cylindrical in shape.
 - 10. The vacuum bandage of claim 9, wherein the insert is made of approximately 50 durometer silicone.

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- 11. The vacuum bandage of claim 9, wherein the insert has a diameter of approximately 0.0925 inch (2.35 mm).
- 12. A wound insert for use with a vacuum bandage having a suction tube coupled to a vacuum source and a wound dressing member coupled to a wound and including a tube port receiving the suction tube, the insert comprising:

a thin, flexible member including a plurality of discrete passageways in communication with the vacuum bandage, the thin, flexible member being spaced from the suction tube.

13. A wound insert for use with a vacuum bandage including a wound dressing member coupled to a wound, a port of the wound dressing member, and a tube coupled to the port and to a vacuum source, the wound insert being positioned between the vacuum bandage and a wound surface of the wound, the wound insert comprising:

a body made of a generally non-porous, flexible material.

- 14. The wound insert of claim 13, wherein the body is generally rod-shaped.
- 15. The wound insert of claim 14, wherein the body has a diameter of approximately 0.0925 inch (2.35 mm).
- The wound insert of claim 13, wherein the body includes discrete passageways.
 - 17. The wound insert of claim 16, wherein the body includes a top surface and a bottom surface and the passageways comprise channels formed in the top and bottom surfaces.
- 18. The wound insert of claim 17, wherein the body includes side surfaces and the passageways comprise conduits through the body extending from one side surface to another.
 - 19. The wound insert of claim 13, wherein the body is made of a generally non-adhesive material.
- 20. A method of treating a wound having a tunneled portion, comprising:

placing a wound insert within the tunneled portion of the wound, the wound insert being made of a material which is not porous or foam-like,

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rod-shaped.

placing a wound dressing member over the wound insert so that the wound insert is positioned between a wound surface of the wound and the wound dressing member,

coupling the wound dressing member to a vacuum source,
placing a sealing film over the wound dressing member for attachment
to healthy skin surrounding the wound, and

creating a negative pressure between the sealing film and a surface of the wound.

- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the wound insert is generally
- 22. The method of claim 20, wherein the wound insert is made of a generally non-porous material.
- 23. A vacuum bandage system for use with a wound having a wound surface, the system comprising:

a vacuum bandage configured to be coupled to the wound and including a port configured to be coupled to a vacuum source and holes in communication with the port, and

means for preventing an ulcerated portion of the wound from forming a bridge to another ulcerated portion of the wound.

- 24. The vacuum bandage system of claim 23, wherein the preventing means includes a rod-shaped wound insert.
 - 25. The vacuum bandage system of claim 24, wherein the wound insert is made of a generally non-porous material.
- 26. A wound insert for inhibiting unwanted wound closure, the wound insert comprising a thin, flexible member made of medical grade silicone and including a plurality of discrete passageways.
 - 27. A wound insert for inhibiting unwanted wound closure, the wound insert comprising a plurality of rods that are made of a generally non-porous, flexible material and that are held together by webs that are tearable to permit the rods to be separated from each other.

WOUND PACKING FOR PREVENTING WOUND CLOSURE

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A wound insert or wound packing (26, 126, 226, 326, 426, 526, 626, 726, 826, 926) for preventing wound closure is provided. Such packing (26, 126, 226, 326, 426, 526, 626, 726, 826, 926) may be used alone or in regular bandages or in vacuum bandages (18) or in irrigation bandages (18). Some illustrative wound inserts (26, 126, 226, 326, 426, 526, 626, 726, 826, 926) are configured for placement within an undermined portion or a tunneled portion (16) of a wound (12).

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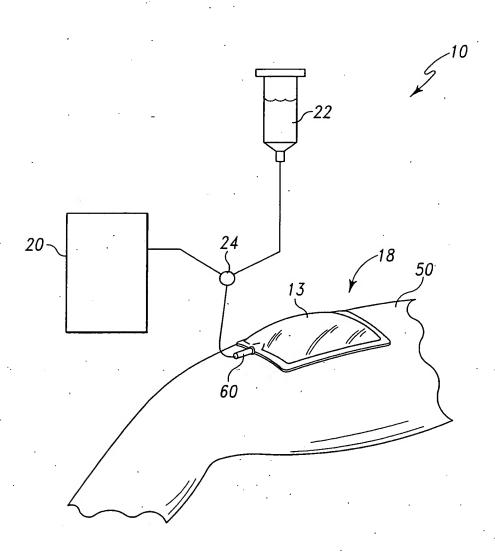
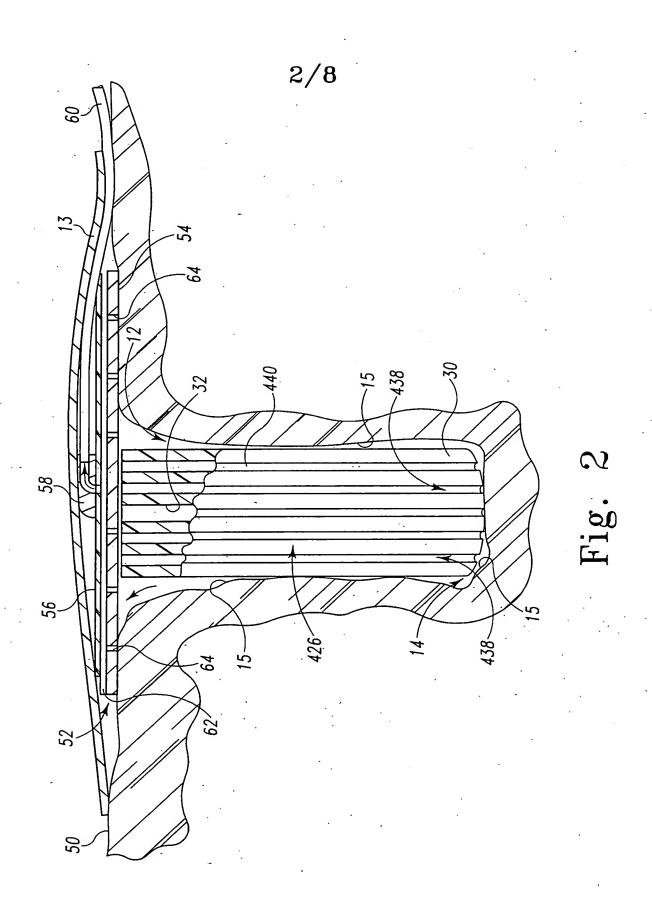


Fig. 1



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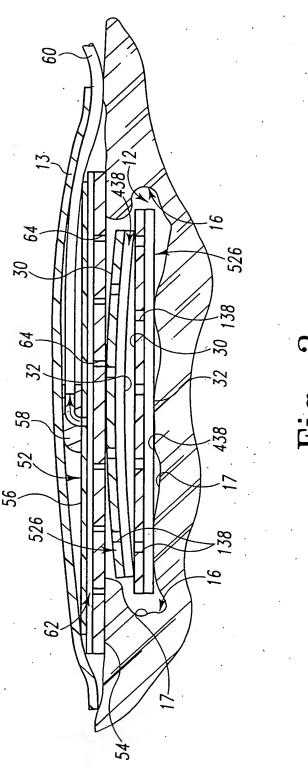


Fig.

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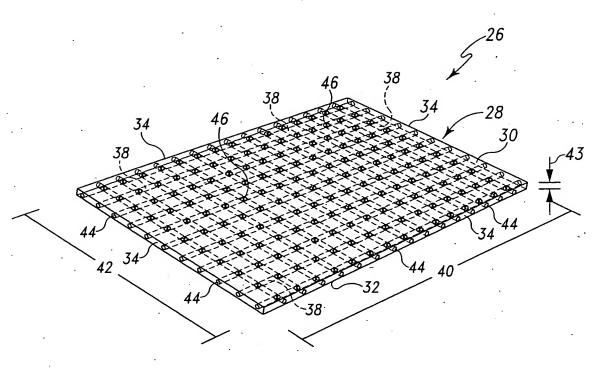


Fig. 4

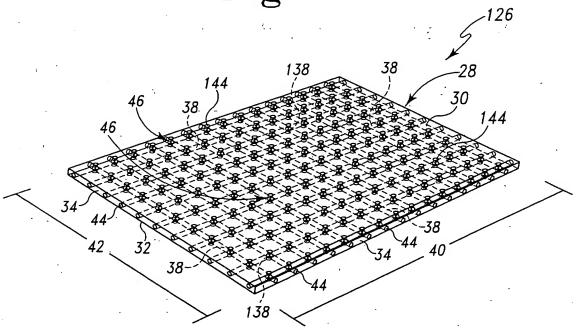


Fig. 5

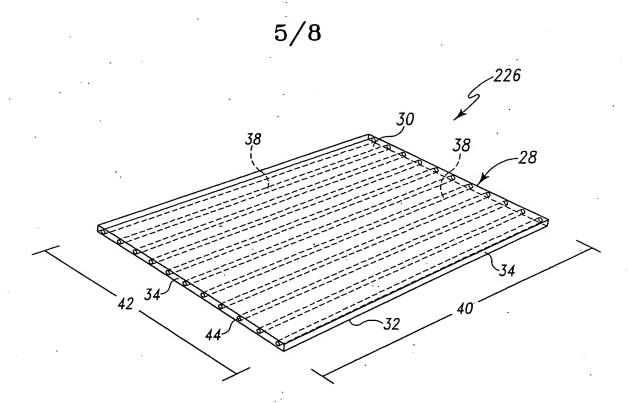


Fig. 6

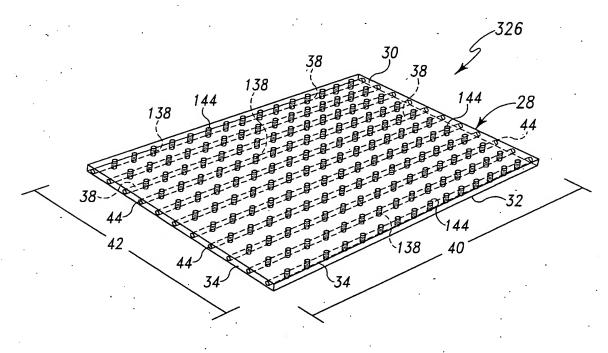


Fig. 7

Fig. 10

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